姓名 Name : \_\_\_\_\_\_ 學號 Student ID # : \_\_\_\_\_ MATH 203: Discrete Mathematics I

Solve the recurrence relation

$$a_n = (-5)a_{n-1} + (-4)a_{n-2}$$
 for  $n \ge 2$ ,  
 $a_0 = 3, a_1 = 15.$ 

Write your solution in the form of

$$a_n = c_1 \cdot r_1^n + c_2 \cdot r_2^n.$$

Check code =  $(c_1 + c_2 + r_1 + r_2) \mod 10$ 

## Solution.

Solve the characteristic polynomial

$$x^2 = (-5)x + (-4)$$

and get

 $r_1 = -4, r_2 = -1$ .

Then solve the system of linear equations

$$a_0 = c_1 + c_2 = 3$$
$$a_1 = (-4)c_1 + (-1)c_2 = 15$$

to get

 $c_1 = -6, c_2 = 9$ .

Check code =  $(c_1 + c_2 + r_1 + r_2) \mod 10 = 8.$ 



check code



RecRel



姓名 Name : \_\_\_\_\_\_ 學號 Student ID # : \_\_\_\_\_ MATH 203: Discrete Mathematics I

Solve the recurrence relation

$$a_n = (-2)a_{n-1} + (8)a_{n-2}$$
 for  $n \ge 2$ ,  
 $a_0 = -17, a_1 = 20.$ 

Write your solution in the form of

$$a_n = c_1 \cdot r_1^n + c_2 \cdot r_2^n.$$

Check code =  $(c_1 + c_2 + r_1 + r_2) \mod 10$ 

# Solution.

Solve the characteristic polynomial

$$x^2 = (-2)x + (8)$$

and get

 $r_1 = -4, r_2 = 2$ .

Then solve the system of linear equations

$$a_0 = c_1 + c_2 = -17$$
$$a_1 = (-4)c_1 + (2)c_2 = 20$$

to get

 $c_1 = -9, c_2 = -8.$ 

Check code =  $(c_1 + c_2 + r_1 + r_2) \mod 10 = 1.$ 



Indicating your answer by **underlining it** or **circling it**. Compute the check code and fill it into the box on the right.



姓名 Name: \_\_\_\_\_\_ 學號 Student ID #: \_\_\_\_\_ MATH 203: Discrete Mathematics I

Solve the recurrence relation

 $a_n = (2)a_{n-1} + (15)a_{n-2}$  for  $n \ge 2$ ,  $a_0 = 6, a_1 = -42.$ 

Write your solution in the form of

$$a_n = c_1 \cdot r_1^n + c_2 \cdot r_2^n.$$

Check code =  $(c_1 + c_2 + r_1 + r_2) \mod 10$ 

## Solution.

Solve the characteristic polynomial

$$x^2 = (2)x + (15)$$

and get

 $r_1 = 5, r_2 = -3$ .

Then solve the system of linear equations

$$a_0 = c_1 + c_2 = 6$$
  
 $a_1 = (5)c_1 + (-3)c_2 = -42$   
 $c_1 = -3, c_2 = 9$ .

to get

Check code =  $(c_1 + c_2 + r_1 + r_2) \mod 10 = 8.$ 



Indicating your answer by **underlining it** or **circling it**. Compute the check code and fill it into the box on the right.



姓名 Name : \_\_\_\_\_\_ 學號 Student ID # : \_\_\_\_\_ MATH 203: Discrete Mathematics I

Solve the recurrence relation

$$a_n = (-1)a_{n-1} + (12)a_{n-2}$$
 for  $n \ge 2$ ,  
 $a_0 = -4, a_1 = 9.$ 

Write your solution in the form of

$$a_n = c_1 \cdot r_1^n + c_2 \cdot r_2^n.$$

Check code =  $(c_1 + c_2 + r_1 + r_2) \mod 10$ 

# Solution.

Solve the characteristic polynomial

$$x^2 = (-1)x + (12)$$

and get

 $r_1 = -4, r_2 = 3$ .

Then solve the system of linear equations

$$a_0 = c_1 + c_2 = -4$$
  
 $a_1 = (-4)c_1 + (3)c_2 = 9$   
 $c_1 = -3, c_2 = -1$ .

to get

Check code =  $(c_1 + c_2 + r_1 + r_2) \mod 10 = 5.$ 



Indicating your answer by **underlining it** or **circling it**. Compute the check code and fill it into the box on the right.



姓名 Name : \_\_\_\_\_\_ 學號 Student ID # : \_\_\_\_\_ MATH 203: Discrete Mathematics I

Solve the recurrence relation

$$a_n = (7)a_{n-1} + (-10)a_{n-2}$$
 for  $n \ge 2$ ,  
 $a_0 = 8, a_1 = 10.$ 

Write your solution in the form of

$$a_n = c_1 \cdot r_1^n + c_2 \cdot r_2^n.$$

Check code =  $(c_1 + c_2 + r_1 + r_2) \mod 10$ 

### Solution.

Solve the characteristic polynomial

$$x^2 = (7)x + (-10)$$

and get

 $r_1 = 2, r_2 = 5$ .

Then solve the system of linear equations

$$a_0 = c_1 + c_2 = 8$$
  
 $a_1 = (2)c_1 + (5)c_2 = 10$   
 $c_1 = 10, c_2 = -2$ .

to get

Check code =  $(c_1 + c_2 + r_1 + r_2) \mod 10 = 5.$ 



Indicating your answer by **underlining it** or **circling it**. Compute the check code and fill it into the box on the right.



姓名 Name : \_\_\_\_\_\_ 學號 Student ID # : \_\_\_\_\_ MATH 203: Discrete Mathematics I

Solve the recurrence relation

$$a_n = (3)a_{n-1} + (4)a_{n-2}$$
 for  $n \ge 2$ ,  
 $a_0 = 1, a_1 = 44.$ 

Write your solution in the form of

$$a_n = c_1 \cdot r_1^n + c_2 \cdot r_2^n.$$

Check code =  $(c_1 + c_2 + r_1 + r_2) \mod 10$ 

## Solution.

Solve the characteristic polynomial

$$x^2 = (3)x + (4)$$

and get

 $r_1 = 4, r_2 = -1$ .

Then solve the system of linear equations

$$a_0 = c_1 + c_2 = 1$$
  
 $a_1 = (4)c_1 + (-1)c_2 = 44$   
 $c_1 = 9, c_2 = -8$ .

to get

Check code =  $(c_1 + c_2 + r_1 + r_2) \mod 10 = 4.$ 

Indicating your answer by **underlining it** or **circling it**. Compute the check code and fill it into the box on the right.





姓名 Name : \_\_\_\_\_\_ 學號 Student ID # : \_\_\_\_\_ MATH 203: Discrete Mathematics I

Solve the recurrence relation

$$a_n = (-2)a_{n-1} + (15)a_{n-2}$$
 for  $n \ge 2$ ,  
 $a_0 = -5, a_1 = 33.$ 

Write your solution in the form of

$$a_n = c_1 \cdot r_1^n + c_2 \cdot r_2^n.$$

Check code =  $(c_1 + c_2 + r_1 + r_2) \mod 10$ 

# Solution.

Solve the characteristic polynomial

$$x^2 = (-2)x + (15)$$

and get

 $r_1 = 3, r_2 = -5$ .

Then solve the system of linear equations

$$a_0 = c_1 + c_2 = -5$$
  
 $a_1 = (3)c_1 + (-5)c_2 = 33$   
 $c_1 = 1, c_2 = -6$ .

to get

Check code =  $(c_1 + c_2 + r_1 + r_2) \mod 10 = 3.$ 



Indicating your answer by **underlining it** or **circling it**. Compute the check code and fill it into the box on the right.



姓名 Name : \_\_\_\_\_\_ 學號 Student ID # : \_\_\_\_\_ MATH 203: Discrete Mathematics I

Solve the recurrence relation

$$a_n = (0)a_{n-1} + (9)a_{n-2}$$
 for  $n \ge 2$ ,  
 $a_0 = -1, a_1 = -15.$ 

Write your solution in the form of

$$a_n = c_1 \cdot r_1^n + c_2 \cdot r_2^n.$$

Check code =  $(c_1 + c_2 + r_1 + r_2) \mod 10$ 

## Solution.

Solve the characteristic polynomial

$$x^2 = (0)x + (9)$$

and get

 $r_1 = 3, r_2 = -3$ .

Then solve the system of linear equations

$$a_0 = c_1 + c_2 = -1$$
  
 $a_1 = (3)c_1 + (-3)c_2 = -15$   
 $c_1 = -3, c_2 = 2$ .

to get

Check code =  $(c_1 + c_2 + r_1 + r_2) \mod 10 = 9.$ 

Indicating your answer by **underlining it** or **circling it**. Compute the check code and fill it into the box on the right.



姓名 Name : \_\_\_\_\_\_ 學號 Student ID # : \_\_\_\_\_ MATH 203: Discrete Mathematics I

Solve the recurrence relation

$$a_n = (1)a_{n-1} + (2)a_{n-2}$$
 for  $n \ge 2$ ,  
 $a_0 = 15, a_1 = 0.$ 

Write your solution in the form of

$$a_n = c_1 \cdot r_1^n + c_2 \cdot r_2^n.$$

Check code =  $(c_1 + c_2 + r_1 + r_2) \mod 10$ 

## Solution.

Solve the characteristic polynomial

$$x^2 = (1)x + (2)$$

and get

 $r_1 = 2, r_2 = -1$ .

Then solve the system of linear equations

$$a_0 = c_1 + c_2 = 15$$
  
 $a_1 = (2)c_1 + (-1)c_2 = 0$ 

to get

 $c_1 = 5, c_2 = 10$ .

Check code =  $(c_1 + c_2 + r_1 + r_2) \mod 10 = 6.$ 



Indicating your answer by **underlining it** or **circling it**. Compute the check code and fill it into the box on the right.



姓名 Name : \_\_\_\_\_ Quiz 3 \_\_\_ 學號 Student ID # : \_\_\_\_ MATH 203: Discrete Mathematics I

Solve the recurrence relation

$$a_n = (7)a_{n-1} + (-12)a_{n-2}$$
 for  $n \ge 2$ ,  
 $a_0 = 0, a_1 = -9.$ 

Write your solution in the form of

$$a_n = c_1 \cdot r_1^n + c_2 \cdot r_2^n.$$

Check code =  $(c_1 + c_2 + r_1 + r_2) \mod 10$ 

## Solution.

Solve the characteristic polynomial

$$x^2 = (7)x + (-12)$$

and get

 $r_1 = 3, r_2 = 4$ .

Then solve the system of linear equations

$$a_0 = c_1 + c_2 = 0$$
  
 $a_1 = (3)c_1 + (4)c_2 = -9$   
 $c_1 = 9, c_2 = -9$ .

to get

Check code =  $(c_1 + c_2 + r_1 + r_2) \mod 10 = 7.$ 

RecRel 10

Indicating your answer by **underlining it** or **circling it**. Compute the **check code** and fill it into the **box on the right**.

