國立中山大學	NATIONAL SUN YAT-SEN UNIVERSITY	
離散數學 (一)	MATH 203: Discrete Mathematics I	
第二次期中考	November 24, 2020	Midterm 2
姓名 Name :		
學號 Student ID $\#$:		

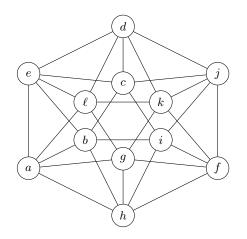
Lecturer:	Jephian Lin 林晉宏	
Contents:	cover page,	
	5 pages of questions,	
	score page at the end	
To be answered:	on the test paper	
Duration:	110 minutes	
Total points:	20 points $+ 2$ extra points	

Do not open this packet until instructed to do so.

Instructions:

- Enter your Name and Student ID # before you start.
- Using the calculator is not allowed (and not necessary) for this exam.
- Any work necessary to arrive at an answer must be shown on the examination paper. Marks will not be given for final answers that are not supported by appropriate work.
- Clearly indicate your final answer to each question either by underlining it or circling it. If multiple answers are shown then no marks will be awarded.
- 可用中文或英文作答

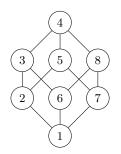
1. Let G be the graph below. Answer the following questions and **provide your reasons**. [Hint: This graph is composed of the vertices and the edges of an icosahedron (正二十面體).]



- (a) [1pt] Is G a bipartite graph?
- (b) [1pt] Is there an Eulerian circuit on G?
- (c) [1pt] Is there a Hamiltonian cycle on G?
- (d) [1pt] Is G planar?

(e) [1pt] Is G 4-colorable?

2. Let (X, R) be the poset with the Hasse diagram below. Answer the following questions and **provide your reasons**.

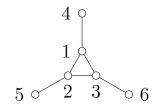


- (a) [1pt] Find a linear extension of (X, R).
- (b) [1pt] Find a total order on $\{1, \ldots, 8\}$ that is not a linear extension of (X, R).
- (c) [1pt] Is there a chain cover of (X, R) of size 2?

(d) [1pt] Is there an antichain cover of (X, R) of size 5?

(e) [1pt] Is (X, R) an interval poset?

3. [5pt] Determine whether the graph below is a comparability graph or not and **provide your reasons**.



4. [5pt] Let (X, R) be a poset. Recall that

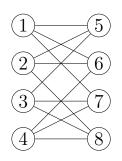
$$D(x) = \{ y \in X : y \preceq x \text{ in } R, y \neq x \}$$

for any $x \in X$ and 2 + 2 is the poset whose Hasse diagram is as below.

Show that the following statements are equivalent:

- (a) (X, R) contains $\mathbf{2} + \mathbf{2}$ as a subposet.
- (b) There are two elements $x_1, x_2 \in X$ such that $D(x_1) \setminus D(x_2) \neq \emptyset$ and $D(x_2) \setminus D(x_1) \neq \emptyset$.

5. [extra 2pt] Let G be the graph below. Find an order of the vertices (e.g., $8, 7, \ldots, 1$) such that the greedy coloring algorithm using this order needs 4 colors.





Page	Points	Score
1	5	
2	5	
3	5	
4	5	
5	2	
Total	20 (+2)	