

# 國立中山大學九十四學年度轉學生招生考試試題

科目：微積分【應數系二年級】

共 | 頁第 1 頁

1 - 10 題，每題十分。

1. 求  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left( \frac{\sin x}{x} \right)^{1/x^2}$

2. 求  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} [-x^2 + 2x + 2]$ , 其中  $[a]$  表示不大於  $a$  之最大整數

3. 求函數  $g: [0, 2] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  :  $g(x) = \sinh|x^2+x-2|$  之最大值及最小值。

4. 若有半徑為 8 尺之一球，欲容於一正圓錐體內，試求此正圓錐體之高與底的尺寸，可使正圓錐之體積為最小。

5. 求  $\int \frac{x \sin^{-1} x}{(1+x^2)^2} dx$

6. 求  $\int_{-1}^1 ([x] + [x + \frac{1}{2}]) dx$

7. 求由函數  $f(x) = x^2 e^{-x^2}$  的圖形與其漸近線所圍區域之面積。

8. 求冪級數  $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(x+1)^n}{(n+1)^2}$  之收斂區間。

9. 求  $\sqrt{(3.01)^2 + (3.99)^2}$  之近似值。

10. 求由三坐標面與平面  $20x + 12y + 15z = 60$  所圍之四面體的體積。

# 國立中山大學九十四學年度轉學生招生考試試題

科目：線性代數【應數系二年級】

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(10 分) 1. Find all the solutions of the system of equations

$$\begin{aligned} 2x_1 - x_2 + x_3 - x_4 &= 0 \\ x_1 - 3x_2 + 4x_3 - 3x_4 &= 5 \\ 3x_1 - x_2 + 6x_3 - 4x_4 &= 1 \\ -x_1 + x_2 - 3x_3 + 2x_4 &= -5 \end{aligned}$$

(10 分) 2. Find bases for (1) the column space and (2) the null space of the matrix

$$\begin{pmatrix} 2 & 3 & 1 & -1 \\ 5 & 2 & 1 & 3 \\ 1 & 7 & 2 & -6 \\ 6 & -2 & 0 & 8 \end{pmatrix}$$

(10 分) 3. Determine whether the  $3 \times 3$  matrix

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 3 & -3 \\ 2 & 5 & -3 \\ -2 & 2 & -4 \end{pmatrix}$$

is invertible, and find its inverse if it is.

(15 分) 4. By the Gauss-Jordan reduction, one obtains the inverse of the  $4 \times 4$  matrix  $A$  by a series of row operations: (1) interchanging the 1st row and the 3rd row (2) multiplying  $-3$  to the 3rd row and add it to the 1th row (3) multiplying the 2nd row by  $\frac{1}{3}$  (4) add the 1st row to the 3th row and (5) interchanging the 1st row and the 4th row. Find  $A$  and  $A^{-1}$ .

(10 分) 5. Determine whether the  $4 \times 4$  matrix  $A$  given by

$$\begin{pmatrix} -1 & 4 & 2 & -7 \\ 0 & 4 & -3 & 6 \\ 0 & 0 & -3 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

is diagonalizable, and find a  $4 \times 4$  matrix  $M$  such that  $M^{-1}AM$  is diagonal if it is.

(15 分) 6. Find the rank of the  $4 \times 3$  matrix  $A$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 2 & 1 & -3 \\ 1 & -3 & 4 \end{pmatrix}$$

Can we find a  $3 \times 4$  matrix  $B$  such that  $BA = I_3$ ? Find such  $B$  if it can be done.

(30 分) 7. Let  $A$  be a matrix over  $C$ .

- a. What is the characteristic polynomial  $P_A(x)$  of  $A$ ?
- b. What is the minimal polynomial  $Q_A(x)$  of  $A$ ?
- c. Is  $\deg P_A(x)=n$  if  $A$  is  $n \times n$ ?
- d. Is  $\deg Q_A(x)=n$  if  $A$  is  $n \times n$ ?
- e. Let

$$M = \{A: P_A(x) = (x-2)^3(x+1)^2(x-1)^3\}.$$

Consider the relation “~” in  $M$  defined by

$$A \sim B \text{ if } \exists \text{ invertible matrix } U \ni U^{-1}AU = B.$$

Show that “~” is an equivalent relation on  $M$  and determine the number of equivalent classes in  $M$ .